

ORIGINAL

Before the  
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of

Amendment of Section 73.202(b),  
FM Table of Allotments,  
FM Broadcast Stations.  
(Shelter Island, New York)

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)

)

MB Docket No. \_\_\_\_\_

RM- \_\_\_\_\_

Accepted/Files

NOV 24 2014

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

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To: Office of the Secretary  
Attn: Chief, Audio Division

PETITION FOR RULE MAKING

Red Wolf Broadcasting Corporation ("Red Wolf") submits this Petition for Rule Making to allot Channel 277A to Shelter Island, New York. The grant of that application will result in a first local service at Shelter Island and thus this proposal serves the public interest.

As demonstrated in the attached Technical Exhibit, Channel 277A can be allotted to Shelter Island consistent with Section 73.207 of the Commission's Rules. A 70 dBu signal can be provided to Shelter Island from the proposed reference coordinates. Shelter Island qualifies as a community for FCC allotment purposes. It is a town identified in the 2010 U.S. Census with a population of 1,333 and therefore is presumed to have the status of a community for allotment purposes. *See Arnold and Columbia, California*, 7 FCC Rcd 6302 (1992). Shelter Island has its own local government and Chamber of Commerce. Shelter Island also has its own zip code, 11964. *See Exhibit 1*.

For the foregoing reasons, Red Wolf respectfully requests that the Commission allot Channel 277A at Shelter Island, New York as proposed herein. Red Wolf is simultaneously filing a 301 application for this change. If the allotment is made, Red Wolf will prosecute its application, participate in any auction for this allotment, and promptly construct the facilities authorized.

Respectfully submitted,

RED WOLF BROADCASTING  
CORPORATION

By: 

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Its Attorneys

November 24, 2014

**Technical Exhibit**

**See attached**

TECHNICAL EXHIBIT  
IN SUPPORT OF  
A PETITION FOR RULE MAKING  
TO AMEND THE FM TABLE OF ALLOTMENTS  
SHELTER ISLAND, NEW YORK  
CHANNEL 277A

Technical Narrative

This technical narrative and associated exhibits have been prepared on behalf of Red Wolf Broadcasting Corporation ("Petitioner") in support of a Petition for Rule Making to amend Section 73.202(b) by the allotment of channel 277A to Shelter Island, New York as a first local aural service under FM allotment priority 3.<sup>1</sup> Petitioner is also concurrently filing an associated FCC Form 301 application for channel 277A at Shelter Island.

Proposed Change in Table of Allotments

Petitioner proposes to amend the FM Table of Allotments, Section 73.202(b) of the Commission's rules, by allotting FM channel 277A to Shelter Island, New York. Shelter Island is Census Designated Place (CDP) located in Suffolk County, New York and has a 2010 U.S. Census population of 1,333 persons. Shelter Island has no local FM or AM service and is not located within an urbanized area (see below). Therefore, the instant proposal will result in a first local aural transmission service to the community of Shelter Island under FM allotment priority 3.

<u>City</u>	<u>Present</u>	<u>Proposed</u>
Shelter Island, New York	--	277A

<sup>1</sup> The FM Allotment Priorities are: (1) first fulltime aural service; (2) second fulltime aural service; (3) first local service; and (4) other public interest matters. Co-equal weight is given to Priorities 2 and 3. See *Revision of FM Assignment Policies and Procedures*, Second Report and Order, 90 FCC 2d 88 (1982).

### Compliance With FCC Rules

The attached Figure 1 is a tabulation of required separations pertinent to use of channel 277A at Shelter Island. The allotment reference site complies with the Commission's minimum distance separation requirements contained in Section 73.207 to all existing, authorized and proposed stations and allotments.

Figure 2 is a map which demonstrates that the allotment reference site<sup>2</sup> complies with the FCC's city coverage requirements (Section 73.315) as the 70 dBu (city grade) contour based on maximum Class A facilities (ERP 6 kW/HAAT 100 m) and uniform terrain encompasses 100% of Shelter Island. The Shelter Island city limits shown on Figure 2 were obtained from a map contained in the 2010 U.S. Census of Population.

### Urbanized Area Considerations

Figure 3 is a map which depicts the Shelter Island city limits and the New York-Newark, NY-NJ-CT Urbanized Area ("New York UA"). As indicated, Shelter Island is not located within the New York UA. Furthermore, it would not be possible for a maximum facility Class A station to provide 70 dBu coverage to 50% or more of the New York UA. Specifically, the New York UA has a land area of 9,458 km<sup>2</sup>. Thus, in order for an FM station to cover at least 50% of the New York UA land area, the distance to the 70 dBu contour would need to be at least 38.8 km.<sup>3</sup> This distance exceeds the nominal

<sup>2</sup> The allotment reference site coordinates proposed for channel 277A at Shelter Island are: N40-57-54/W72-22-59 (NAD27).

<sup>3</sup> 50% of the New York UA land area would be 4,729 km<sup>2</sup>. Thus, a 70 dBu with a radius of 38.8 km would be required to encompass an area of 4,729 km<sup>2</sup>. ( $38.8^2 \times \pi = 4729$ ).



maximum distance to both the Class A 70 dBu contour (16.1 km) and 60 dBu contour (28.3 km) presuming maximum facilities and uniform terrain (6 kW/100 m).

Conclusion

Channel 277A can be allotted to Shelter Island, New as a first local aural service which satisfies FM allotment priority 3.



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November 11, 2014

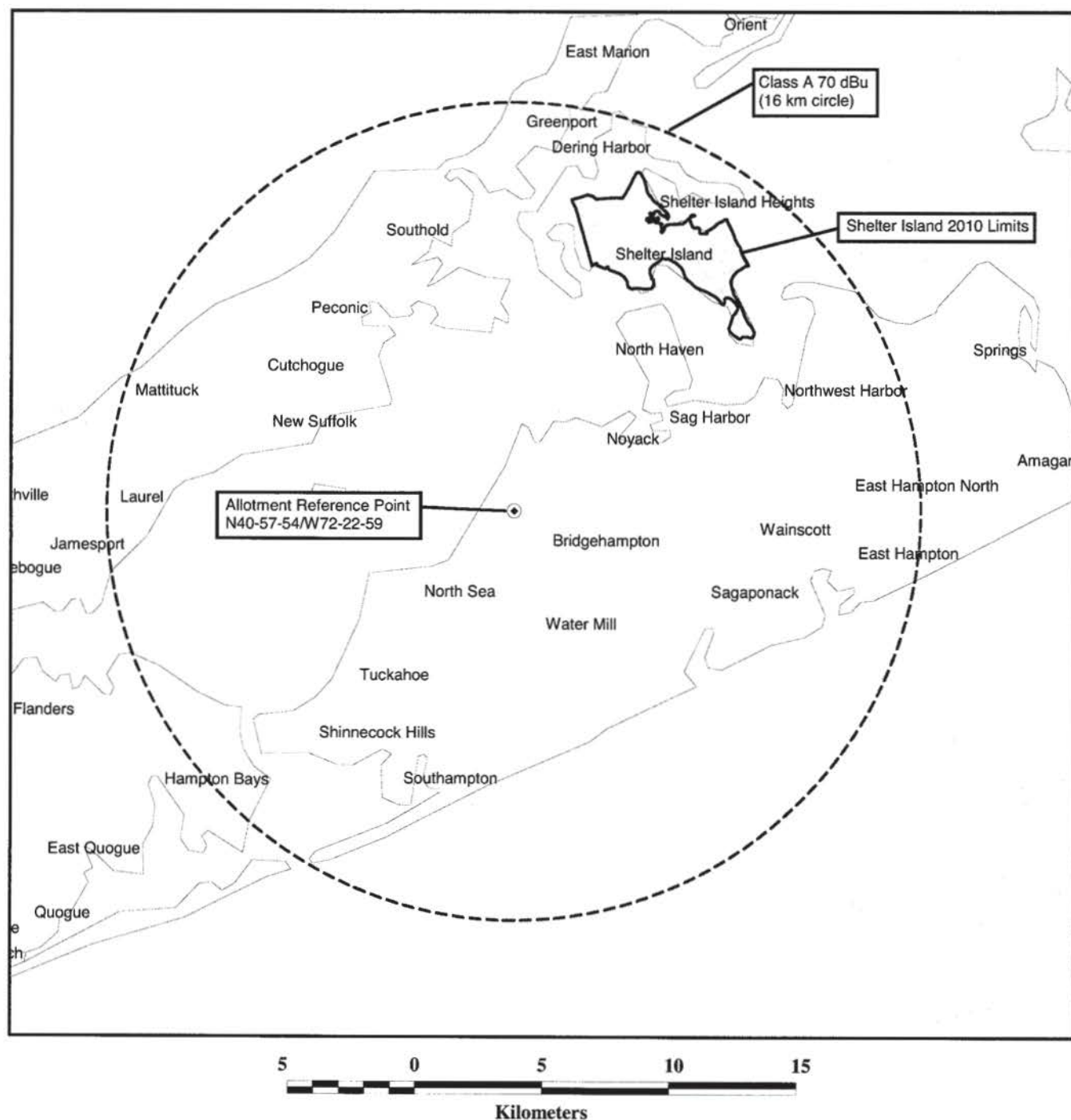
**SECTION 73.207 ALLOCATION STUDY — PROPOSED ALLOTMENT REFERENCE POINT**

Channel: 277 Coordinates: 040-57-54 072-22-59 (NAD 27)  
 Class: A Buffer Distance: 30 km

Date: 11/11/2014  
 Page: 1 of 1

Callsign	Status	Chan.	Serv.	Freq.	City		State	Latitude	Dist.(km)	Sep.(km)	Spacing(km)	
Fac. ID	ARN			Class	DA	Ant. ID	ERP(kW)	HAAT(m)	Longitude	Bear.(deg)	73.215	Comment
WDRC-FM	LIC	275	FM	102.9	HARTFORD		CT	041-33-44	76.77	69	7.77	
7718	BMLH	20110107ACK		B	N		19.5	247	072-50-40	330.01	63 N	CLOSE
WDRC-FM	LIC	275	FM	102.9	HARTFORD		CT	041-33-44	76.77	69	7.77	
7718	BLH	20140929AGJ		B	D	118196	19.54	247	072-50-40	330.01	63 Y	CLOSE
WBZO	CP	276	FM	103.1	BAY SHORE		NY	040-45-03	73.96	72	1.96	
60245	BPH	20140402AAK		A	N		1.55	141	073-12-49	251.45	49 Y	CLOSE
WBZO	LIC	276	FM	103.1	BAY SHORE		NY	040-45-03	73.96	72	1.96	
60245	BLH	20021008AAG		A	D	40034	1.55	141	073-12-49	251.45	49 Y	CLOSE
WODS	LIC	277	FM	103.3	BOSTON		MA	042-18-27.4	177.66	178	-0.34	
9639	BLH	20101105AAI		B	N		8.7	351	071-13-26.7	32.44	143 N	CLOSE
WODS	CP	277	FM	103.3	BOSTON		MA	042-20-49.6	187.86	178	9.86	
9639	BPH	20130528ABR		B	N		21	235	071-04-58.8	34.67	143 N	CLOSE
WCCH	LIC	278	FM	103.5	HOLYOKE		MA	042-11-55	138.69			
27526	BLED	19811130AS		D			0.009	79	072-38-27	351.2		INFO
WKTU	LIC	278	FM	103.5	LAKE SUCCESS		NY	040-44-54	137.29	113	24.29	
6595	BLH	20030604ACH		B	N		6	415	073-59-10	260.39	96 N	CLEAR
WVEI-FM	LIC	279	FM	103.7	WESTERLY		RI	041-34-23	92.26	69	23.26	
71720	BMLH	20041007ACO		B	N		37	173	071-37-58	42.6	63 N	CLEAR
WRCN-FM	LIC	280	FM	103.9	RIVERHEAD		NY	040-51-08	34.55	31	3.55	
18239	BLH	20001226AAD		A	N		1.4	148	072-45-55	248.8	25 N	CLOSE

Figure 2



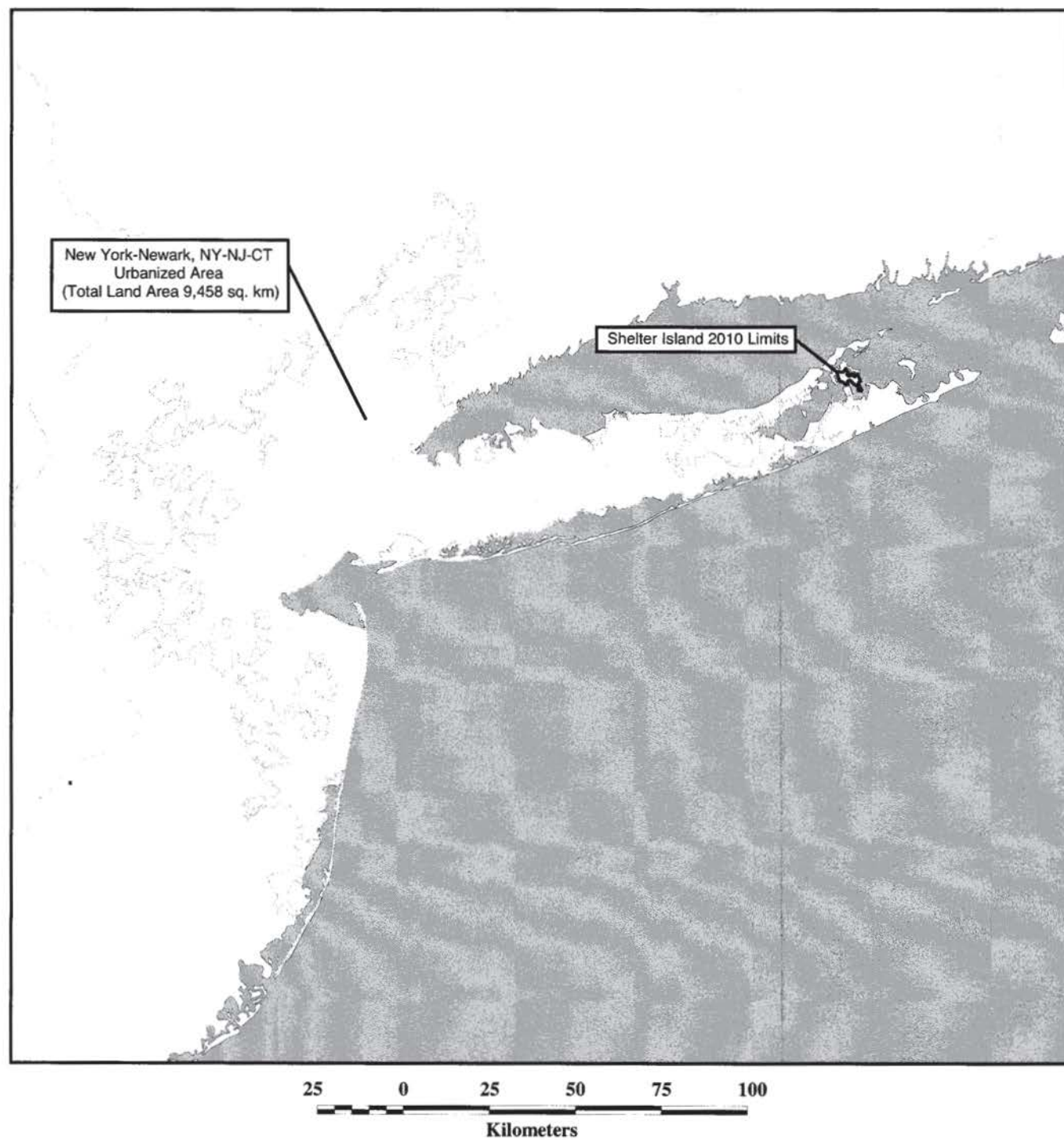
# **COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 73.315**

NEW FM STATION  
SHELTER ISLAND, NEW YORK  
CHANNEL 277A

du Treil, Lundin & Rackley, Inc. Sarasota, Florida



Figure 3



**URBANIZED AREA COVERAGE**

NEW FM STATION  
SHELTER ISLAND, NEW YORK  
CHANNEL 277A

du Treil, Lundin & Rackley, Inc. Sarasota, Florida

**Exhibit 1**

**See attached**

# Shelter Island, New York

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Coordinates: 41°4′41″N 72°21′3″W﻿ / ﻿41.07806°N 72.35000°W﻿ / 41.07806; -72.35000

**Shelter Island** is a Town and island at the eastern end of Long Island in the U.S. state of New York. Considered part of Suffolk County, it is separated from the rest of the county by water. The population was 2,392 at the 2010 census.

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- 3 Communities and locations
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  - 3.2 Hamlets (unincorporated)
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  - 4.4 Growth after 1900
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## Geography

Shelter Island is nestled between the North and South Forks of Long Island. It is surrounded on three sides by

### Shelter Island, New York

#### Town

#### Town of Shelter Island



Seal





Shelter Island Sound and on the fourth side by Gardiners Bay. It can be reached via ferry from Greenport to the north (approximately 8-minute trip) or from North Haven to the south (approximately 5-minute trip). New York State Route 114 runs through the island.

Shelter Island is around 8,000 acres (32 km<sup>2</sup>) in size. Vast tracts are protected wetlands, a nature preserve marshland. Nearly one-third of the island is owned by The Nature Conservancy to be preserved in a wild state. The Preserve has four nature and bird-watching trails, varying in length from 1.5 miles (2.4 km) to 11 miles (18 km), as well as a barrier-free Braille trail for the visually impaired.

According to the United States Census Bureau, Shelter Island has a total area of 27.1 square miles (70.2 km<sup>2</sup>), of which, 12.1 square miles (31.4 km<sup>2</sup>) of it is land and 15.0 square miles (38.7 km<sup>2</sup>) of it (55.20%) is water.

## Demographics

As of the 2000 census,<sup>[1]</sup> there were 2,228 people, 996 households, and 656 families residing in the town. However, during the summer months the population can exceed 8,000. The population density was 183.6 people per square mile (70.9/km<sup>2</sup>). There were 2,370 housing units at an average density of 195.3 per square mile (75.4/km<sup>2</sup>). The racial makeup of the town was 96.32% White, 0.72% Black or African American, 0.04% Native American, 0.49% Asian, 0.09% from other races, and 2.33% from two or more races. Hispanic or Latino of any race were 2.38% of the population.

There were 996 households out of which 20.3% had children under the age of 18 living with them, 56.1% were married couples living together, 7.2% had a female householder with no husband present, and 34.1% were non-families. 28.8% of all households were made up of individuals and 17.8% had someone living alone who was 65 years of age or older. The average household size was 2.24 and the average family size was 2.75.

In the town the population was spread out with 18.1% under the age of 18, 4.0% from 18 to 24, 20.1% from 25 to 44, 29.1% from 45 to 64, and 28.6% who were 65 years of age or older. The median age was 49 years. For every 100 females there were 91.9 males. For every 100 females age 18 and over, there were 90.8 males.



Coordinates: 41°44'41"N 72°21'3"W

<b>Country</b>	United States
<b>State</b>	New York
<b>County</b>	Suffolk
<b>Government</b>	
• <b>Type</b>	Civil Township
• <b>Supervisor</b>	James Dougherty
<b>Area</b>	
• <b>Total</b>	27.1 sq mi (70.2 km <sup>2</sup> )
• <b>Land</b>	12.1 sq mi (31.4 km <sup>2</sup> )
• <b>Water</b>	15.0 sq mi (38.7 km <sup>2</sup> )
<b>Elevation</b>	56 ft (17 m)
<b>Population (2010)</b>	
• <b>Total</b>	2,392
• <b>Density</b>	88/sq mi (34/km <sup>2</sup> )
<b>Time zone</b>	Eastern (EST) (UTC-5)
• <b>Summer (DST)</b>	EDT (UTC-4)
<b>ZIP code</b>	11964, 11965
<b>Area code(s)</b>	631 Exchange: 749
<b>GNIS feature ID</b>	0965037
<b>Website</b>	www.shelterislandtown.us (http://www.shelterislandtown.us)

The median income for a household in the town was \$53,011, and the median income for a family was \$63,750. Males had a median income of \$41,508 versus \$36,316 for females. The per capita income for the town was \$30,346. About 4.7% of families and 7.7% of the population were below the poverty line, including 14.0% of those under age 18 and 1.4% of those age 65 or over.

## Communities and locations

### Villages (incorporated)

- Dering Harbor, on the north side of the island.

### Hamlets (unincorporated)

- *Harbor View*, on the west side of the island overlooking West Neck Harbor
- *Montclair Colony*, on the south side of the island.
- Shelter Island, the hamlet of Shelter Island.
- Shelter Island Heights, on the north side of the island.
- *Silver Beach*, on the southwest side of the island.
- *Westmoreland*, on the west side of the island.

## Geographic features

- *Coecles Harbor*, an inlet on the east side of the island.
- *Smith Cove*, an inlet on the south side of the island.
- *West Neck Harbor*, an inlet at the southwest end of the island.

## History

The island was long inhabited by indigenous peoples, related to those who lived north of Long Island Sound. At the time of European encounter, it was occupied by the Manhasset tribe, an Algonquian language-speaking people related to the Pequot and other Algonquians of New England.

### Early settlers

Shelter Island was included in the original Plymouth Company land grant made by James I of England in 1620. On April 22, 1636, Charles I of England, told that the colony had not made any settlements yet on Long Island, gave the island to William Alexander, the Earl of Stirling. The grant gave Alexander all of Long Island and adjacent islands. Alexander gave James Farret power to act as his agent and attorney in colonizing Long Island. In reward Farret was allowed to choose 12,000 acres (49 km<sup>2</sup>) for his personal use. Farret chose Shelter Island and Robin's Island for his use. Farret in turn sold the islands to Stephen Goodyear, one of the founders of the



## New Haven Colony.<sup>[2]</sup>

In 1651 Goodyear sold the island to a group of Barbados sugar merchants for 1,600 pounds of sugar. Nathaniel Sylvester (1610–1680), one of the merchants, was the island's first white settler. He was among a number of English merchants who had lived and worked in Rotterdam (where he was born) before going to Barbados. His connections there and with the Netherlands helped him establish a far-flung trading enterprise. On March 23, 1652, he made the purchase official by agreement with *Youghco* (called *Pogatticut*), the sachem of the Manhanset tribe. The other owners, Sylvester's brother Constant, and Thomas Middleton, never came to Long Island. In 1673 Nathaniel Sylvester claimed ownership of Shelter Island, Fishers Island, and other parts of Long Island.<sup>[3]</sup> By that time the Manhansett had declined in number and power.<sup>[4]</sup>

In 1652 Sylvester constructed a house on the island for his 17-year-old bride, Grissel (also spelled Grizzel)<sup>[4]</sup> Brinley from London. Her mother was Anna (Wase) Brinley and her father Thomas Brinley had been an auditor in the court of King Charles I. With the Revolution he had lost his position; Grissel had gone to the colony with her older sister Anne, who had married William Coddington, the governor of the Rhode Island colony.<sup>[4]</sup> Archeological research in the 21st century has revealed there may have been two early house complexes. The Sylvesters had eleven surviving children. The more elaborate manor house, which survives today, was built in 1733 by a Sylvester grandson.<sup>[4]</sup>

The Sylvester estate was developed as a large provisioning plantation. It raised food crops, as well as livestock for slaughter, sending casks of preserved meats and other supplies to the Barbados. Labor was provided by a multicultural force of American Indians, enslaved Africans and English indentured servants. Sylvester and his associates were part of the Triangle Trade between the American colonies (including the Caribbean), Africa and England. His descendants continued to use slaves on the plantation into the 19th century. An estimated 200 blacks are buried at the Negro Burying Ground on the North Peninsula.<sup>[4]</sup>

The Sylvesters gave shelter to many persecuted Quakers. Sylvester Manor stands today, just off New York State Route 114, and is controlled by Sylvester descendants. All but about 24 acres of the original thousands of acres have gone into other hands.<sup>[4]</sup>

Following the death in 1680 of Nathaniel Sylvester, Shelter Island was divided between his two sons, Giles and Nathaniel II. In 1695, William Nicoll, a resident of Islip, bought from Giles the area now called **Mashomack Nature Preserve**. Three years later, in 1698, another newcomer, George Havens, bought 1,000 acres (4.0 km<sup>2</sup>) from Nathaniel II. This parcel comprises what today is the Center; it stretched south to South Ferry and west to West Neck Creek. Over time these estates and parcels were split and divided by marriage and purchase, so that by the early 18th century, 20 families lived on Shelter Island. By order of the Provincial Government, the Town of Shelter Island was established in 1730. The community developed from there.<sup>[3]</sup>

## Colonial era

James Nicoll Havens, a member of the New York Provincial Congress, built a home on the island in 1743. He was the first town supervisor on the island. His former home is now owned by the local historical society.



Jonathan Nicoll Havens (1757–1799), born on Shelter Island, was a member of the First Continental Congress in 1774. He also served in New York's delegation that in 1788 approved the federal constitution. Mashomack Forest (today Mashomack Nature Preserve) was owned by the Nicolls family for 230 years. Nicolls Creek was named for that family. A few Manhasset still lived in the wooded Sachem's Neck area up until the 1790s.

Shelter Island had brushes with early Colonial military activity:

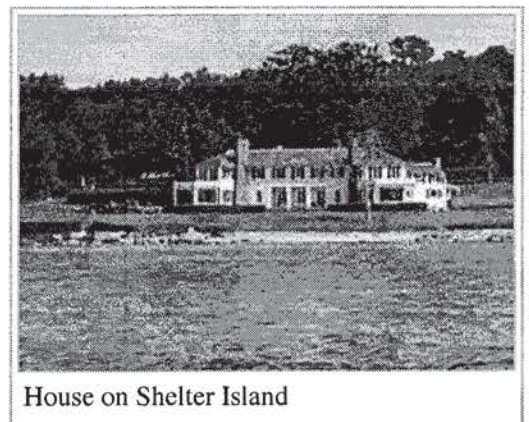
- The British shipped hay from Hay Beach during the American Revolution.
- The schooner *Paragon* was built on the island at Lord's Shipyard, located on West Neck Creek. In 1804 the ship under Capt. Sam Lord successfully ran a British blockade during the Napoleonic Wars.
- During the War of 1812, the British ransacked numerous homes on the island.

The first ferryboat to serve the island was run by the Boisseau family at Stearns Point, nearby Crescent Beach. The North Ferry began service to Greenport in 1868. Throughout the 19th century, the island continued as a base for fishermen in the surrounding waters. Fish processing plants sent their products across the country.

## Shelter Island Heights established

Shelter Island Heights was developed in 1871 as a summer resort for camp meetings, after a group of Brooklyn businessmen purchased the Frederick Chase estate for this purpose. It was developed by the Shelter Island Grove and Camp Meeting Association of the Methodist Episcopal Church. For eight years, the camp meetings took place on the island, before moving to Jamesport. During this time, Robert Morris Copeland designed the Union Chapel, built in 1875. In 1984 it was added to the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP).

Shelter Island Heights in total was a planned development by Copeland. The houses were designed in classic American styles: Stick-Eastlake, Queen Anne Style, and Colonial Revival. During the eight years from 1872 to 1880, when camp meetings were held here, about 70 summer cottages were built in the Heights. By 1890 the district was well-defined architecturally; the residences have not changed much since then. Shelter Island Heights was listed in 1993 as an Historical District on both the NRHP and the New York State Register of Historic Places.<sup>[5]</sup>



At the turn of the 20th century, fish processing plants still operated on the island. One was located at the end of Burns Road, another on Big Ram Island, off what is today Tuthill Road. Some summer residents traveled here by steam ferries from New York City.

White Hill is located above the North Ferry landing in Shelter Island Heights. The Prospect Hotel was built on the hill. After it burned down, it was rebuilt, but was destroyed a second time by fire in 1942. Today the land where the hotel was located is a town park.



## Growth after 1900

Francis Marion Smith (1846–1931) was known as the “Borax King” for his mining successes. Smith and his family bought a home on the island in 1892. He expanded it to more than 30 rooms and called his estate *Presdeleau* (French for "by the water"). By 1906 he owned more than 500 acres (2.0 km<sup>2</sup>) on the south side of the island. Smith Cove and Smith Street were named for him. Smith shipped in deer from California to hunt in his “deer park”; their descendants roam some areas of the island. The remains of his estate are reinforced concrete retaining walls and a "Japanese" footbridge from the garden, built by Ernest L. Ransome about 1898, behind Merkle Lane.

Another 19th-century millionaire who had an estate on Shelter Island was Artemas Ward (1848–1925), a pioneer in mass-market advertising. Ward made millions of dollars by monopolizing all advertising on New York City elevated trains, subways, and streetcars. Ward had a large estate on the south side of the island. Ward wrote a biography of his great-grandfather, Major General Artemas Ward (1727–1800), a commander in the American Revolutionary War. After years of being tied up in court, the vestiges of Ward's original estate in the Shorewood section of the Island (including a manor house, formal Italian gardens, and a concrete water tower) have been renovated. In the case of the manor house, it has been partially "deconstructed" to restore an earlier version.

Following World War I, development slowly crept onto the island. Summer camps were started in the 1920s, including Camp Quinipet, a United Methodist Church camp and retreat center on Rocky Point Road. On West Neck Harbor, developers Albert and Fred Dickerson built houses for what is today called Montclair Colony. Homes were built on Silver Beach, Ram Island, and Hilo Farms.

Following the Depression, some of the summer cottages were abandoned or left to rot. Recovery was slow. It was not until after World War II that summer residents started returning in larger numbers. During the 1950s a farm cooperative grew lima beans on the island. This was the last of commercial farming on Shelter Island.

In the 1960s and 1970s, more families started to move to Shelter Island as year-round residents. The Gerard family owned the property at Sachem's Neck that had belonged to the Nicoll family for more than 200 years, and later to financier Otto Kahn. Developers eyed the 2,000 acres (8.1 km<sup>2</sup>). The land was purchased in January 1980 by the Nature Conservancy to preserve it as a nature park in perpetuity; half of the funds to buy the forest were raised on the island to create Mashomack Preserve.

There are still numerous Shelter Island residents with family roots dating to families here at the time of the American Revolution. Some summer residents are fifth-generation seasonal visitors.

## Government and politics

Politically, Shelter Island has been known as a center for political conservatism on Long Island. Residents have consistently voted Republican. In the 1996 presidential election, it was the only town on Long Island to vote for Bob Dole. But, in 2004, John Kerry became the first Democrat in recent history to win Shelter Island, although he failed to receive as many votes as Al Gore did four years earlier throughout Long Island. In 2008 and 2012, Democrat Barack Obama also won Shelter Island.

## Religion

Six places of worship are located on Shelter Island:

- Grace Evangelical Church, non-denominational, Shelter Island Public Library basement, 37 North Ferry Road.
- Our Lady of the Isle, Roman Catholic, 5 Prospect Avenue, in Shelter Island Heights. Founded in 1907.
- Shelter Island Friends Meeting, Quakers, Sylvester Manor, 116 North Ferry Road (May–October); Havens House, 16 South Ferry Road (November–April).
- Shelter Island Presbyterian Church, 32 North Ferry Road
- St. Mary's Episcopal Church, 26 St. Mary's Road
- Union Chapel in the Grove, interdenominational, Bay Avenue, in Shelter Island Heights. Open June–September.

The Methodist camp, Camp Quinipet, is located at the northwestern tip of the island. It is used as a camp in the summer and as a retreat center for churches throughout the year.

## Cemeteries

There are six cemeteries on Shelter Island:

- Emily F. French Memorial Cemetery, Thomas Street
- Our Lady of the Isle Cemetery, Roman Catholic, Manhasset Road
- Quaker Cemetery, Quakers, near Gardiner's Creek/Friends Meeting House
- St. Mary's Episcopal Church Cemetery, 26 St. Mary's Road
- Shelter Island Churchyard Cemetery, New York State Route 114
- The Nicoll Family Cemetery, within the bounds of the Mashomoneck Preserve

## Notable residents

- Faith Baldwin (1893–1978) – American-born romance novel author. She penned about 100 books from 1925 until her death. Baldwin was part of the Famous Writers School. Before World War II, Baldwin spent time in a Shelter Island cottage in what was called Hilo Farms.
- Hugh Carey (1919–2011) – American politician and attorney. Beginning in 1960, Carey served seven terms in the United States House of Representatives as a Democrat. He served two full terms as the governor of New York, from 1975-1982. Carey owned a large property in the Shorewood section.
- John Chamberlain (1927-2011) – American sculptor, known for sculptures from old automobiles and



expressing Abstract Expressionist style of painting in three dimensions.

- Francis P. Chiaramonte, M.D. (1928-2013) -- founder of the Southern Maryland Hospital Center, urological surgeon, philanthropist
- Simon Doonan – English-born creative director of Barney's retail store. Newspaper columnist and author of *Confessions of a Window Dresser*, *Nasty: My Family and Other Varmints*, and *Wacky Chicks: Life Lessons from Fearlessly Inappropriate and Fabulously Eccentric Women*.
- Douglas Kent Hall (1938–2008) American writer and photographer. During his time on Shelter Island, on Little Ram Island Drive, he wrote the best-selling book *Arnold: The Education of a Bodybuilder*, with Arnold Schwarzenegger.
- Otto Kahn (1867–1934) – German-born financier. Beginning in 1924, Kahn owned property in what is now Mashomack Nature Preserve.
- Julie Kavner (1950- ) – American actress. She has appeared in several Woody Allen-directed films.
- Robert Lipsyte (1938- ) – American sportswriter for *The New York Times* and successful author of books for young readers. Lipsyte won an Emmy award for the public affairs show *The Eleventh Hour*.
- Matthew Quinn Martin (1973- ) – American screenwriter and novelist.
- Itzhak Perlman (1945- ) – Israeli-born violinist and Grammy Award winner. In 1996 Perlman and his wife, Toby, founded the Perlman Music Program on Shelter Island. It offers gifted young string players a summer residential course in chamber music. The students perform regular concerts on the island.
- Leon Uris (1924–2003) – American novelist. Uris lived on Shelter Island for a time on Chase Creek.
- Lynn Riggs (1899–1954) Mixed blood Cherokee author, poet and playwright. He moved to Shelter Island, New York after his play *Green Grow The Lilacs* was adapted as the landmark musical, *Oklahoma!*, in 1943.

## In popular culture

- This was the site of the 1947 Shelter Island Conference on quantum mechanics, attended by international scientists to discuss modern physics.
- Author John Steinbeck began his 1960 cross-country journey by leaving his home in Sag Harbor and driving to Shelter Island. This was the start of the trip that became his book *Travels with Charley: In Search of America*.<sup>[6]</sup>
- Brian DePalma's early film *The Wedding Party*, was filmed on Shelter Island in 1963.
- The feature film *Margot at the Wedding* was shot in the spring of 2006 in various New York locations including Shelter Island.<sup>[7]</sup>
- The feature film, *Shelter Island*, directed by Geoffrey Schaaf, starring Ally Sheedy, Stephen Baldwin, and



Chris Penn, had locations including Shelter Island.<sup>[8]</sup>

- The movie *Masquerade*, starring Rob Lowe and Meg Tilly, was partially filmed on Shelter Island in 1987.
- Shelter Island serves as the fictional backdrop for the *Will & Grace* Season 7 Episode 16 "Dance Cards & Greeting Cards" in 2005.
- Shelter Island was the episode in *How I Met Your Mother* in which Ted Mosby and Stella Zinman were meant have married.

## See also

- National Register of Historic Places listings in Shelter Island (town), New York

## References

1. <sup>^</sup> "American FactFinder" (<http://factfinder2.census.gov>). United States Census Bureau. Retrieved 2008-01-31.
2. <sup>^</sup> The History of Long Island - Benjamin F. Thompson - Gould Banks and Company - 1843 ([http://books.google.com/books?id=-SIVAAAAYAAJ&printsec=titlepage&source=gbs\\_navlinks\\_s#v=onepage&q=Robins%20Island&f=false](http://books.google.com/books?id=-SIVAAAAYAAJ&printsec=titlepage&source=gbs_navlinks_s#v=onepage&q=Robins%20Island&f=false))
3. <sup>^</sup> <sup>a</sup> <sup>b</sup> Helen Otis Lamont, *The Story of Shelter Island in the Revolution*, The Shelter Island Historical Society, 1975, p. 3
4. <sup>^</sup> <sup>a</sup> <sup>b</sup> <sup>c</sup> <sup>d</sup> <sup>e</sup> <sup>f</sup> Mac Griswold, *The Manor: Three Centuries at a Slave Plantation on Long Island*, New York: Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 2013
5. <sup>^</sup> Shelter Island Heights Historical District (<http://www.shelter-island.org/heights.html>)
6. <sup>^</sup> National Steinbeck Center: John Steinbeck, American Author (<http://www.steinbeck.org>)
7. <sup>^</sup> Margot At The Wedding (<http://www.margotatthewedding.com>)
8. <sup>^</sup> Shelter Island on the IMDb (<http://www.imdb.com/title/tt0337717/>)

## External links

- Town of Shelter Island (official site) (<http://www.shelterislandtown.us/>)
- Shelter Island (island guide and history) (<http://www.Shelter-Island.org>)
- Shelter Island Historical Society (<http://shelterislandhistory.org/>)



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# Town of Shelter Island

Shelter Island, New York

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Town of Shelter Island  
38 North Ferry Road  
P.O. Box 970  
Shelter Island, New York 11964  
631-749-0291  
[www.shelterislandtown.us](http://www.shelterislandtown.us)



## Hours of operation are as follows:

Town Hall -Mon.-Fri. 9:00-4:00pm

Town Clerk -Mon.-Fri. -9:00am-4:00pm

Saturdays -First Saturday after June 15th-Aug.31st -9am-noon

Building Department -Mon.-Fri. 8:00-

4:00pm

Assessors Office - Mon.-Fri. 9:00am-

4:00pm

Justice Court -Mon.-Fri. 9:00am-4:00pm

Recycling Center - Mon.-Sun.-7:30am-

6:00pm

Highway Dept. - Mon.-Fri. 8:00am-

3:00pm

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## Welcome to the Town of Shelter Island website.

\*\*\*\*\*

It gives me great pleasure to welcome you to Shelter Island Town's Internet site.

We have developed this website to provide you with important information about Town government - - which will enable you to become a more informed citizen. We have also included a Community Calendar--let us know if your group is planning a community event.

A recent addition to this website is our town's homeowner handbook. I believe that you will find this to be a useful and informative guide to living on our special island.

You will find minutes of the various appointed boards such as the Planning Board, and the Zoning Board of Appeals. There's a directory of all elected officials, department heads, committee members.

We are also very pleased to provide you with a special feature - - the entire Shelter Island Town Code - - at no cost and user friendly. Our site also has useful links to other web sites for visitor and tourist information.

Finally, the recent news section of this site has information about new town plans and initiatives. Email me your thoughts about them. Keep checking to find out what's new.

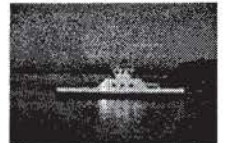
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Supervisor Dougherty



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We hope you enjoy  
of our special place  
Shelter Island, N



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Photo by James Colligan

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY

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## WELCOME TO

An Island sheltered by Islands. This was the name given to Shelter Island by the Manhasset Indians, long before the first English settlers arrived in 1652. They must have had a peaceful and bountiful life, since the Island is protected from the worst of weather by the sheltering arms of the Long Island's North and South Forks. The surrounding waters yielded up a bounty of fish and water fowl, while the woods and fields were equally stocked with deer and other game. The Manhasset's are gone, but the Island remains, still peaceful, still protected, still bountiful. Nearly one-third of this 8000-acre Island is owned by the Nature Conservancy and kept in a forever-wild state.

Our three deep-water harbors each have a fully equipped marina and are welcome havens for those arriving by boat.

Access to the Island is by car ferry; from Greenport on the North Fork, a 10 minute run, or from Sag Harbor on the South Fork, only three minutes away.

Shelter Island is for those who seek respite from the noise and turmoil of city and suburban life. Careful zoning has preserved much of the Island's rural character. The 35 mph speed limit plus the gentle pace of life bring our visitors back to a time many have thought was gone forever. If the Manhasset Indians could return through a time machine, they would experience some culture shock, but they would recognize this island sheltered by islands as the one they knew so many years ago.



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